

: XXXXXXXXXX

: XXXXXXXXX Referred By XXXXXXXXX Name ld : XXXXXXXXXX Billed XXXXXXXXX XXXXXXXXX Collected On XXXXXXXXX Age : Y Gender Reported : XXXXXXXXXX

Result **Units** Test **Biological Reference Interval** 

Vid

: XXXXXXXXXX

## **DEPARTMENT OF MOLECULARBIOLOGY - SPUTUM** Orbito Myco Panel - 3 (1443) (Method: Real Time PCR) Specimen **BAL FLUID PANFUNGAL (DNA)** NOT DETECTED Aspergillus spp.(DNA) NOT DETECTED Aspergillus flavus Qualitative (DNA) NOT DETECTED Aspergillus fumigatus Qualitative (DNA) NOT DETECTED Aspergillus niger Qualitative (DNA) **NOT DETECTED** Mucor spp.(DNA) NOT DETECTED **Mucorale DNA NOT DETECTED** Rhizopus microsporus DNA NOT DETECTED Rhizopus oryzae DNA NOT DETECTED Rhizomucor pusillus DNA NOT DETECTED Absidia corymbifera / Lichtheimia corymbifera DNA NOT DETECTED Cryptococcus neoformans **NOT DETECTED** Candida albicans DNA NOT DETECTED Candida auris DNA NOT DETECTED

INTERPRETATION

**Phone** 

Aspergillus fumigatus: Aspergillus fumigatus is a species of mold that is commonly found in the environment, especially in soil and decaying organic matter. It can cause a range of infections, particularly in people with weakened immune systems, such as those with HIVAIDS, cancer, or undergoing organ transplantation. Aspergillus fumigatus infections can affect different parts of the body, including the lungs, sinuses, and brain. In the lungs, it can cause a condition called invasive pulmonary aspergillosis, which can be lifethreatening. In the sinuses, it can cause chronic sinusitis, which can be difficult to treat. In the brain, it can cause a rare but serious condition called cerebral aspergillosis.

Aspergillus flavus : Aspergillus flavus infections can affect different parts of the body, including the lungs, sinuses, and skin. In the lungs, it can cause a condition called invasive pulmonary aspergillosis, which can be life-threatening. In the sinuses, it can cause chronic sinusitis, which can be difficult to treat. In the skin, it can cause a fungal infection called onychomycosis, which affects the nails.

Aspergillus niger: Aspergillus niger infections can affect different parts of the body, including the lungs, sinuses, and skin. In the lungs, it can cause a condition called invasive pulmonary aspergillosis, which can be life-threatening. In the sinuses, it can cause chronic sinusitis, which can be difficult to treat. In the skin, it can cause a fungal infection called onychomycosis, which affects the nails.

Mucorale: Mucormycosis is a life-threatening infection that occurs in immunocompromised patients, diabetic patients with ketoacidosis, and immunocompetent patients after trauma exposure to contaminated soil. About 20 different species from the order mucorale have been shown to be pathogenic for humans, the species that were the most frequent encountered were Rhizopus spp., Mucor spp., Cunninghamella spp and Absidia spp The filamentous fungi responsible for these infections belong to the Mucorales order.

Candida ablicans: Candidiasis is a fungal infection caused by yeasts in the Candida genus, most commonly Candida albicans. Candida yeasts are normally present in small amounts on the skin and in the mouth, digestive tract, and genital

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area, but under certain conditions, they can grow and cause infections.

Rhizopus pusillus: Rhizopus pusillus is a species of fungus belonging to the class Zygomycetes. Rhizopus pusillus can cause opportunistic infections in humans these infections can include rhinocerebral zygomycosis, which is a serious fungal infection that affects the sinuses, brain, and other organs.

Rhizopus microsporus : Rhizopus microsporus is a filamentous fungus is known to cause mucormycosis, a serious and potentially life-threatening fungal infection.

Absidia corymbifera: Absidia corymbifera is a saprophytic organism with worldwide distribution and Invasive fungal infection with Absidia corymbifera is rare opportunistic infection encountered in patient with burn injury.

--- End of the Report ---